

Energy - Ability to do
Work

↳ always Conserved

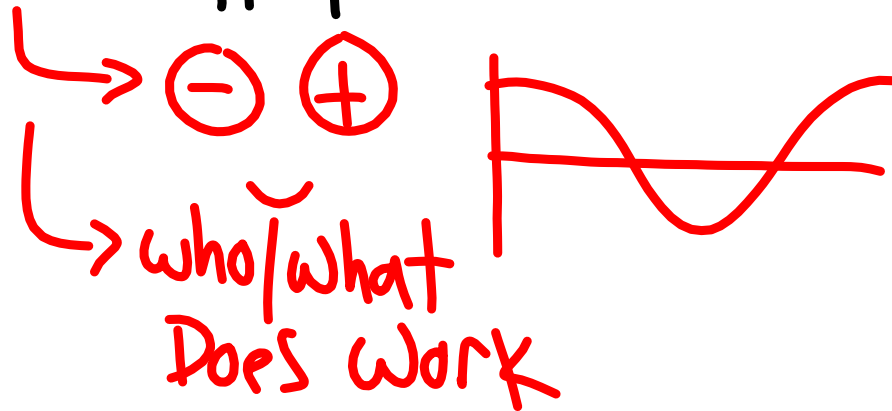
↳ $E_i = E_f$

$$W = Fd \quad \text{ok}$$

$$W = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{s} \quad \text{Good}$$

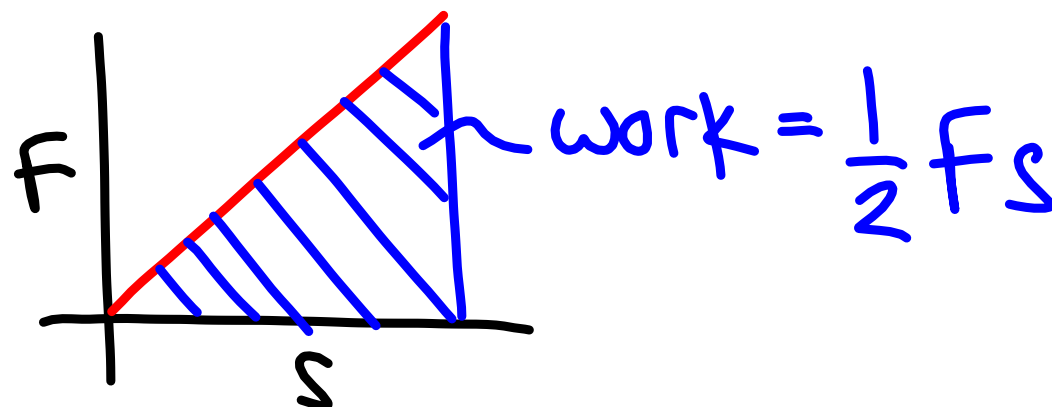
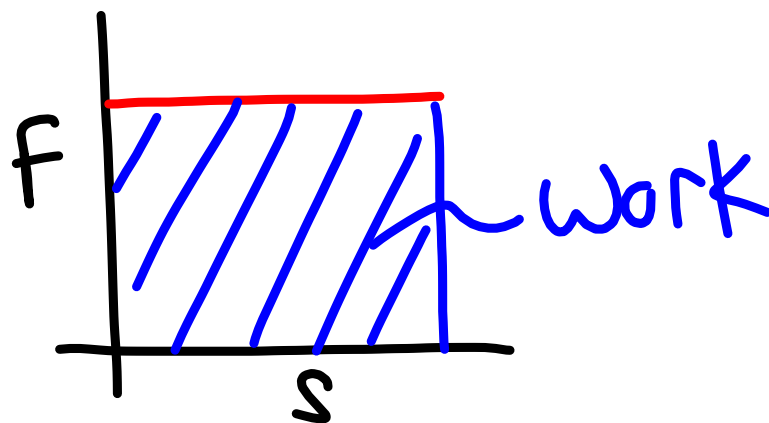
$$W = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{s} \quad \text{Better}$$

$$W = |F||s|\cos\theta \quad \text{Betterer}$$



$$W = \int F(s) ds \quad \text{Best!}$$

ex:



What if $F(s)$ is from a Spring?

$$F_s = kx \quad \text{or} \quad F_s = ks$$

From before: $W = \frac{1}{2}FS$

$$W = \frac{1}{2}kss$$

$$W_s = \frac{1}{2}ks^2$$

Work
done by/on
a Spring →

this works backward

$$W = \Delta E$$



$$v_f^2 = v_i^2 + 2ad$$

$$F = ma$$

$$v_f^2 - v_i^2 = 2ad$$

$$F = m \left(\frac{v_f^2 - v_i^2}{2d} \right)$$

$$\frac{v_f^2 - v_i^2}{2d} = a$$

$$Fd = m \left(\frac{v_f^2 - v_i^2}{2} \right)$$

$$\text{work} \leftarrow \underline{Fd} = \frac{mv_f^2}{2} - \frac{mv_i^2}{2}$$

$$W = \frac{1}{2}mv_f^2 - \frac{1}{2}mv_i^2$$

$W = \Delta E$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}} \rightarrow \text{Kinetic Energy}$

How much work to accelerate
a prius from 0-60 mph?

$$W = \Delta E$$

$$60 \text{ mph} = 26.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \quad W = E_f - E_i \rightarrow 0$$

$$m_p = 1,317 \text{ kg} \quad W = \frac{1}{2} m v_f^2$$

$$W = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(1317)(26.8)^2$$

$$W = 4.73 \times 10^5 \text{ J}$$

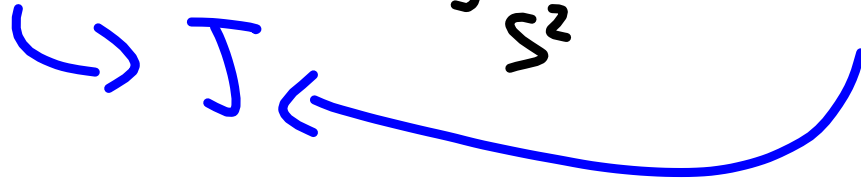
$$K = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$\text{kg} \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$W = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{s}$$

$$\text{N} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$\frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot \text{m} = \text{kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$$



another look at K

$$W = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{s}$$

$$W = \int F(s) ds$$

$$F = ma$$

$$W = \int ma ds$$

$$W = \int m \frac{dv}{dt} ds$$

$$W = \int m \frac{ds}{dt} dv$$

$$W = m \int v dv$$

$$W = m \frac{v^2}{2}$$

$$W = \frac{1}{2} m v^2 \quad \Bigg| \quad \frac{1}{2} m v_f^2 - \frac{1}{2} m v_i^2$$

Gravitational Potential Energy

$$W = \int f(s) ds$$

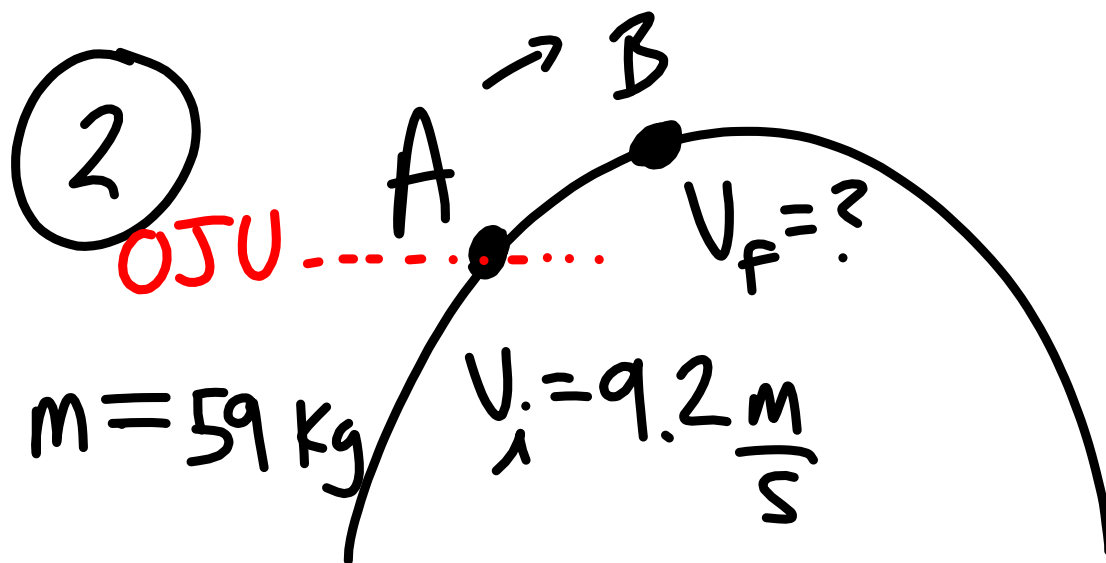
$$F_g = mg \quad W = \int mg ds$$

h_i can be

anywhere!

$$W = mgs \Big|_{mgs_f - mgs_i}$$

$$W = mgh_f - mgh_i \rightarrow U$$



$$E_i = E_f$$

$$K_i = K_f + U_f$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cancel{m} v_i^2 = \frac{1}{2} \cancel{m} v_f^2 + \cancel{m} g h$$

$$\frac{1}{2} v_i^2 = \frac{1}{2} v_f^2 + g h$$

$$\frac{1}{2}v_i^2 = \frac{1}{2}v_f^2 + gh$$

$$\frac{1}{2}v_i^2 - gh = \frac{1}{2}v_f^2$$

$$2\left(\frac{1}{2}v_i^2 - gh\right) = v_f^2$$

$$\sqrt{v_i^2 - 2gh} = v_f$$